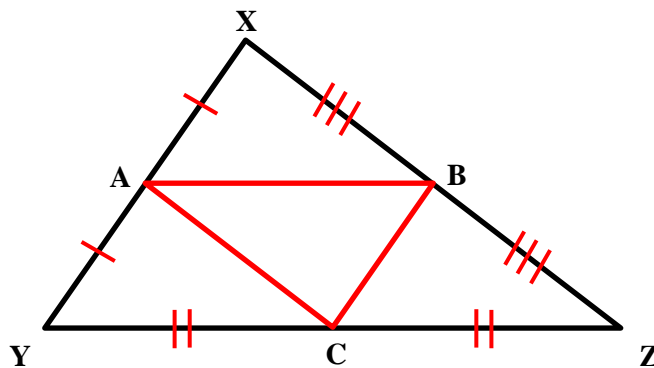


MIDSEGMENTS OF TRIANGLES Guide Notes



MIDSEGMENT OF A TRIANGLE is a segment that joins the midpoints of two sides of the triangle.

Midsegments: \overline{AC} \overline{BC} \overline{AB}

Properties:

1. It is always parallel to the third side.

$$\overline{AC} \parallel \overline{XZ}$$

$$\overline{BC} \parallel \overline{XY}$$

$$\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{YZ}$$

2. Its length is half the length of the third side.

$$m_{\overline{AC}} = \frac{1}{2} m_{\overline{XZ}}$$

$$m_{\overline{BC}} = \frac{1}{2} m_{\overline{XY}}$$

$$m_{\overline{AB}} = \frac{1}{2} m_{\overline{YZ}}$$

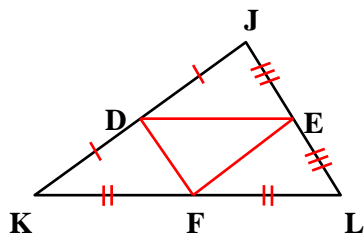
MIDSEGMENT TRIANGLE is a triangle formed by the midsegments of a triangle.

$\triangle ABC$

TRIANGLE MIDSEGMENT THEOREM

“In a triangle, the segment joining the midpoints of any two sides will be parallel to the third side and half its length.”

Sample Problem 1: Given: $\overline{JK} = 10$



$\overline{DE} = 6.5$ $\overline{EL} = 3.7$

Find:

a. $\overline{KD} = \frac{1}{2} \overline{JK} = \frac{1}{2} (10) = \overline{KD} = 5$

b. $\overline{DJ} = \frac{1}{2} \overline{JK} = \frac{1}{2} (10) = \overline{DJ} = 5$

c. $\overline{DF} = \overline{EL} = \overline{DF} = 3.7$

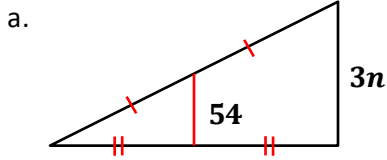
d. $\overline{JL} = 2 \cdot \overline{EL} = 2 \cdot 3.7 = \overline{JL} = 7.4$

e. $\overline{KF} = \overline{DE} = \overline{KF} = 6.5$

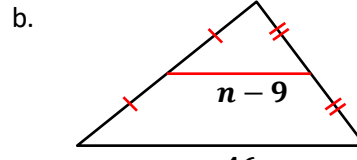
f. $\overline{FL} = \overline{DE} = \overline{FL} = 6.5$

MIDSEGMENTS OF TRIANGLES Guide Notes

Sample Problem 2: Find the value of n .

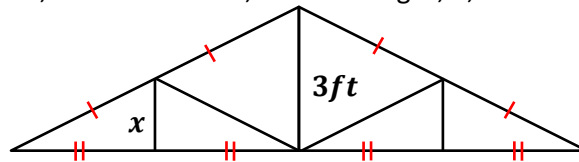


$$\begin{aligned} 3n &= 2(54) \\ 3n &= 108 \\ \frac{3n}{3} &= \frac{108}{3} \\ n &= 60 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} 46 &= 2(n - 9) \\ 46 &= 2n - 18 \\ 46 + 18 &= 2n \\ 64 &= 2n \\ n &= 32 \end{aligned}$$

Sample Problem 3: In the house's roof, as shown below, find the height, x , of the support.



$$\begin{aligned} 2x &= 3ft \\ x &= \frac{3}{2}ft = 1.5ft \end{aligned}$$