

Measuring Segments

Unit 1 Lesson 3

Measuring Segments

Students will be able to:

- find and compare lengths of segments

Key Vocabulary

- coordinate
- distance
- congruent segments
 - midpoint
- S=segment bisector

Measuring Segments

Every point on a line can be paired with a real number. This makes a one-to-one correspondence between the points on the line and the real numbers. The real number that corresponds to a point is called the coordinate of the point.

The distance between points A and B is the absolute value of the difference of their coordinates,
or $|a - b|$.

This value is also AB , or the length between A and B.

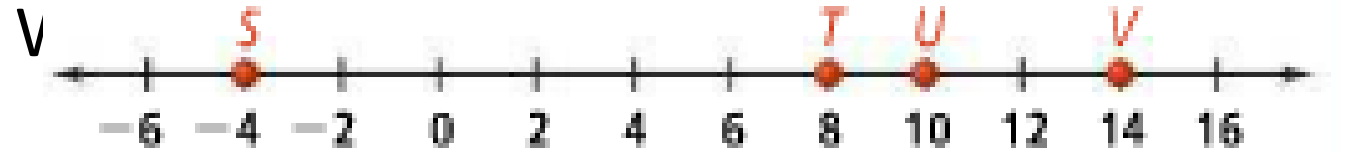


$$AB = |a - b|$$

Measuring Segments

Problem 1:

What is ST ?



What is SV ?

Measuring Segments

take note

Postulate 1-6 Segment Addition Postulate

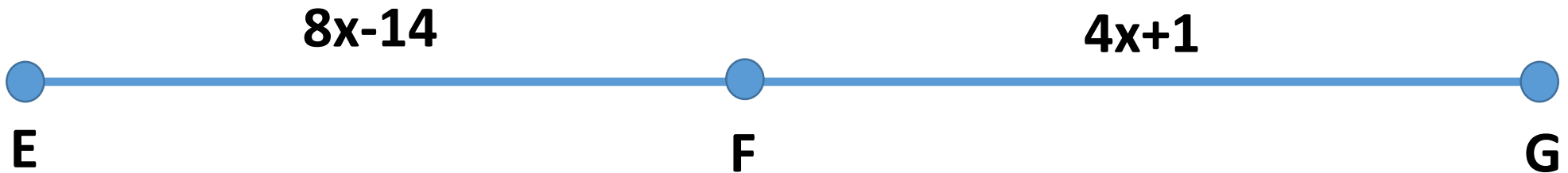
If three points A , B , and C are collinear and B is between A and C , then $AB + BC = AC$.



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Problem 2:

If $EG = 59$, what are EF and FG ?



What algebraic expression represents EG ?

What is the numeric value given for EG ?

How should you check to make sure that the segment lengths are correct?

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When numerical expressions have the same value, you say that they are equal (=).

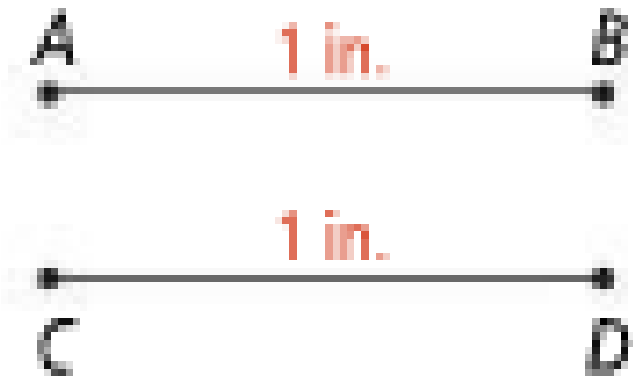
Similarly, if two segments have the same length, then the segments are congruent segments.

The symbol for congruent is _____.

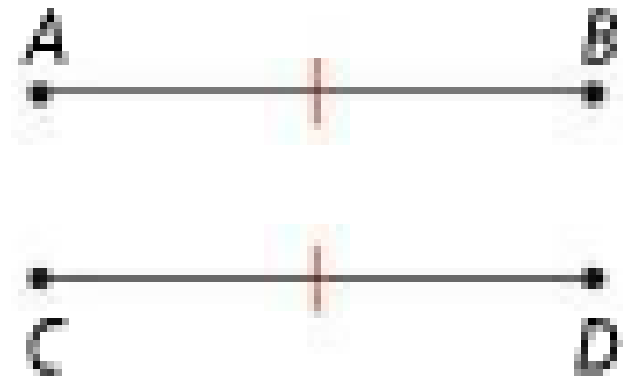
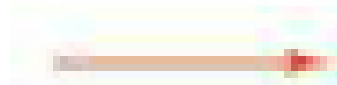
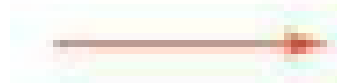
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This means if $AB = CD$, then [REDACTED].

You can also say that if [REDACTED],
then $AB = CD$.



$$AB = CD$$



$$\overline{AB} \cong \overline{CD}$$

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Problem 3:

Are and congruent?



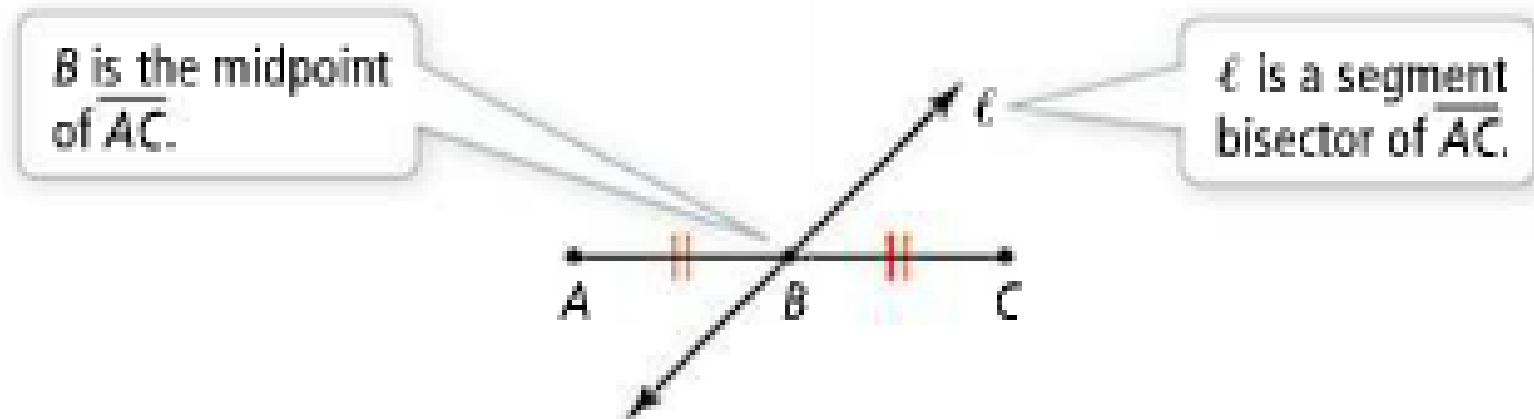
Is Segment AB congruent to Segment DE?

Measuring Segments

The **midpoint** of a segment is a point that divides the segment into two congruent segments.

A point, line, ray, or other segment that intersects a segment at its midpoint is said to ***bisect*** the segment.

That point, line, ray, or segment is called a **segment bisector**.

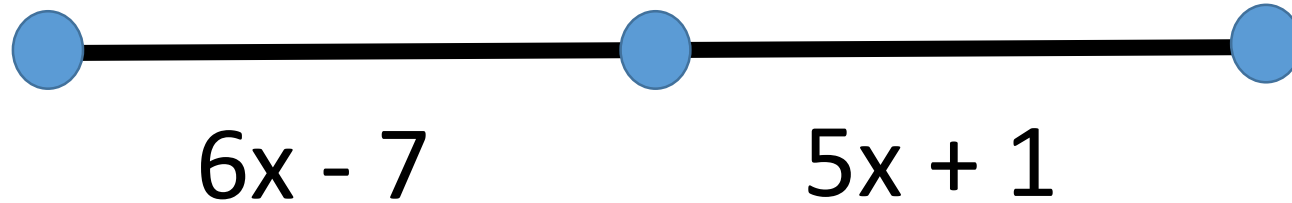


Measuring Segments

Problem 4:

Q is the midpoint of ████

What are PQ, QR, and PR?



Measuring Segments

Problem 5:

U is the midpoint of \blacksquare .

What are TU, UV, and TV?

