

UNIT 1 LESSON 1

# Nets and Drawings for Visualizing Geometry Students will be able to:

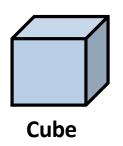
understand nets of 3-dimensional shapes and identify the shapes given their nets.

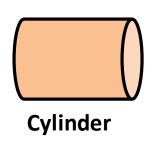
### **Key Vocabulary:**

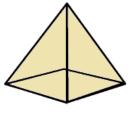
- 3-dimensional shapes
- Nets of 3-dimensional shapes
- Nets of Cube, Cone, Cylinder, Prism



A three-dimensional shape (3-D) is a geometrical shape that has a certain length, width (in some cases it is referred as the thickness) and a certain height. Some common 3-D shapes are:



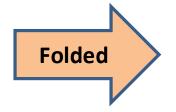




**Square Pyramid** 

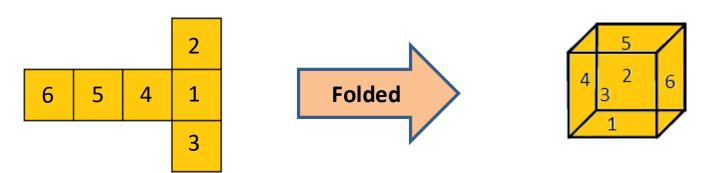
A **net of a 3-D shape** is a 2-dimensional shape which when folded, can convert into the 3-D shape. The net shows all the surfaces of a 3-D shape in one view.

Net of a 3-D shape



3-D shape

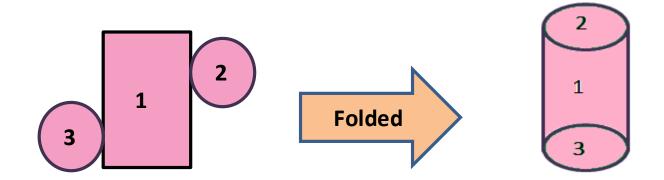
A **net of a cube** is made of six squares which are representing the six square faces of a cube.



If the sequence of numbers is followed to fold the net, the resulting 3-D shape looks like the cube shown.



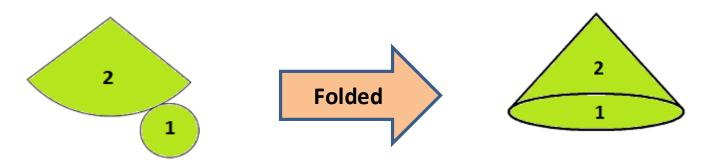
A **net of a cylinder** is made of two circular bases and a rectangular side.



If the sequence of numbers is followed to fold the net, the resulting 3-D shape looks like the cylinder shown.



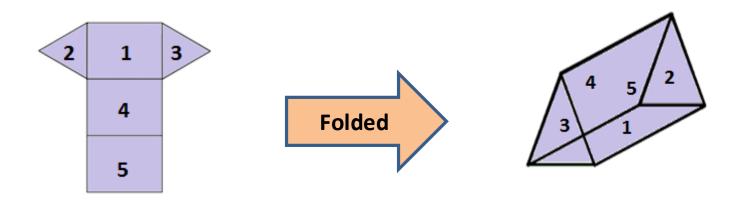
A **net of a cone** is made of one circular base and a two lines joined at a common point which extend from the base.



If the sequence of numbers is followed to fold the net, the resulting 3-D shape looks like the cone shown.



A **net of a prism** is made of 3 rectangular faces and a two triangular faces that make the sides of the prism.



If the sequence of numbers is followed to fold the net, the resulting 3-D shape looks like the prism shown.



#### **Problem 1:**

Identify the name of the 3-D shape for each net given below:

